



Exploring World History

Unit 22: Britain

Mar. 12, 2024

Day 1:

In Exploring World History., read lesson 106, "Britain" pgs. 611-618.
In accompanying E.W.H. student review, answer 5 Q. of your choice.

Day 2:

In Exploring World History., read Lesson 107, "Irish" pgs. 619-622.
In accompanying E.W.H. student review, answer 5 Q. of your choice.

Day 3:

In Exploring World History., read Lesson 108, "George Muller" pgs. 623-628.
In accompanying E.W.H. student review, answer 5 Q. of your choice.

Day 4:

In Exploring World History., read Lesson 109, "Transportation" pgs. 629-636.
In accompanying E.W.H. student review, answer 5 Q. of your choice.

Day 5:

In Exploring World History., read Lesson 110, "Kindness" pgs. 637-640.
In accompanying E.W.H. student review, answer 5 Q. of your choice.

On your country paper:

- Top 3 religions
- Top 3 income sources
- Top place to visit (your opinion).

Student's name _____

This week's assignment was completed on time and with quality.

Parent signature _____ **date** _____

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Unit 21 Quiz

- _____ 1. To what position was Napoleon elevated in 1802?
- a. First Citizen
 - b. First Consul
 - c. First Director
 - d. First Frenchman
- _____ 2. In what country did Napoleon meet defeat in 1812?
- a. England
 - b. France
 - c. Russia
 - d. Spain
- _____ 3. What meeting sorted out the post-Napoleon political issues of Europe?
- a. Congress of Mainz
 - b. Concordat of Paris
 - c. Congress of Vienna
 - d. Estates-General
- _____ 4. Who led France's Second Republic?
- a. Louis XVI
 - b. Napoleon
 - c. Count Cavillo
 - d. Louis Blanc
- _____ 5. What empire experienced several revolts in 1848?
- a. Serbian
 - b. Ottoman
 - c. German
 - d. Austrian
- _____ 6. What dynasty ruled Russia from 1613 to 1917?
- a. Marx
 - b. Orthodox
 - c. Romanov
 - d. Nikolai
- _____ 7. Who founded Young Italy in 1831?
- a. Houdini
 - b. Cavour
 - c. Mazzini
 - d. Garibaldi
- _____ 8. What two German states were most powerful by the mid-1700s?
- a. Austria and Saxony
 - b. Prussia and Berlin
 - c. Austria and Prussia
 - d. Austria and Erfurt
- _____ 9. The volunteer army organized in southern Italy by Giuseppe Garibaldi was called:
- a. Red Shirts
 - b. Red Scarves
 - c. Black Belts
 - d. Blue Liberators
- _____ 10. What term is used to describe elaborately decorated copies of Scripture?
- a. Illustrated
 - b. Baroque
 - c. Mannerism
 - d. Illuminated

Fourth History Exam (Units 16-20)

- | | |
|---|-------------------------|
| _____ 1. Inventor of moveable type | a. Medici |
| _____ 2. Painter, sculptor, engineer, architect, and musician | b. John Wycliffe |
| _____ 3. Prominent Italian banking family | c. Tudor |
| _____ 4. Author of the Ninety-Five Theses | d. Amerigo Vespucci |
| _____ 5. Prominent citizen of Geneva | e. Isaac Newton |
| _____ 6. Put to death for translating the Bible into English | f. Louis XIV |
| _____ 7. Overseer of the translation known as the Great Bible | g. Johannes Kepler |
| _____ 8. Oxford professor and Bible translator | h. Robespierre |
| _____ 9. Italian explorer who represented a Medici bank | i. Gutenberg |
| _____ 10. Elected to become Holy Roman Emperor in 1516 | j. George III |
| _____ 11. Native of Genoa, Italy | k. Thomas Jefferson |
| _____ 12. English dynasty of Henry VIII | l. da Vinci |
| _____ 13. Author of <i>Principia Mathematica</i> | m. William Tyndale |
| _____ 14. German astronomer | n. Martin Luther |
| _____ 15. Imprisoned by the Inquisition | o. Christopher Columbus |
| _____ 16. King of England during the American Revolution | p. John Calvin |
| _____ 17. Believed he was as important as the sun | q. Galileo |
| _____ 18. Leader behind the Reign of Terror | r. Charles V |
| _____ 19. Compared the human mind at birth to a blank slate | s. Miles Coverdale |
| _____ 20. Author of America's Declaration of Independence | t. John Locke |